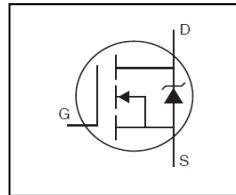
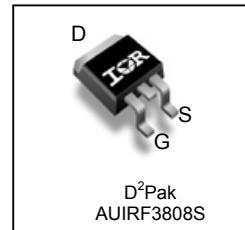


Features

- Advanced Planar Technology
- Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dV/dT Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Fully Avalanche Rated
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant
- Automotive Qualified *



HEXFET® Power MOSFET	
V _{DSS}	75V
R _{DS(on)} typ.	5.9mΩ
max.	7.0mΩ
I _D	106A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this Stripe Planar design of HEXFET® Power MOSFETs utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve low on-resistance per silicon area. This benefit combined with the fast switching speed and ruggedized device design that HEXFET power MOSFETs are well known for, provides the designer with an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive and a wide variety of other applications.

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
AUIRF3808S	D²-Pak	Tube	50	AUIRF3808S
		Tape and Reel Left	800	AUIRF3808STRL

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature (TA) is 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I _D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	106	A
I _D @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V	75	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	550	
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	200	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.3	W/°C
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Thermally Limited) ②	430	mJ
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	82	A
E _{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤	See Fig. 12a, 12b, 15, 16	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ③	5.5	V/ns
T _J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-Case ⑥	—	0.75	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount, steady state) ⑦	—	40	

HEXFET® is a registered trademark of Infineon.

*Qualification standards can be found at www.infineon.com

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	75	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.086	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	5.9	7.0	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 82\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	100	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 82\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 75V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{GS} = -20V$

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	150	220	nC	$I_D = 82\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 60V$ $V_{GS} = 10V$ ④
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	31	47		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	50	76		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	16	—		
t_r	Rise Time	—	140	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 38V$ $I_D = 82\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.5\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$ ④
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	68	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	120	—		
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—		
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact :
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	5310	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	890	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	130	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig.5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	6010	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	570	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 60V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss\ eff.}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1140	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 60V$

Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_s	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	106	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	550		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_s = 82\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	93	140	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 82\text{A}$ $dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	340	510	nC	
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig.11)
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.130\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 82\text{A}$. (See fig.12)
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 82\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 310\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$.
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑤ $C_{oss\ eff.}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑥ Limited by $T_{J\max}$, see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑦ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994
- ⑧ R_θ is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C

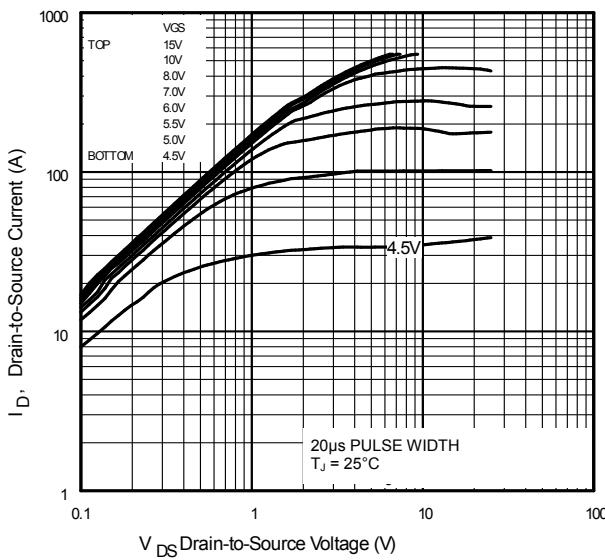


Fig. 1 Typical Output Characteristics

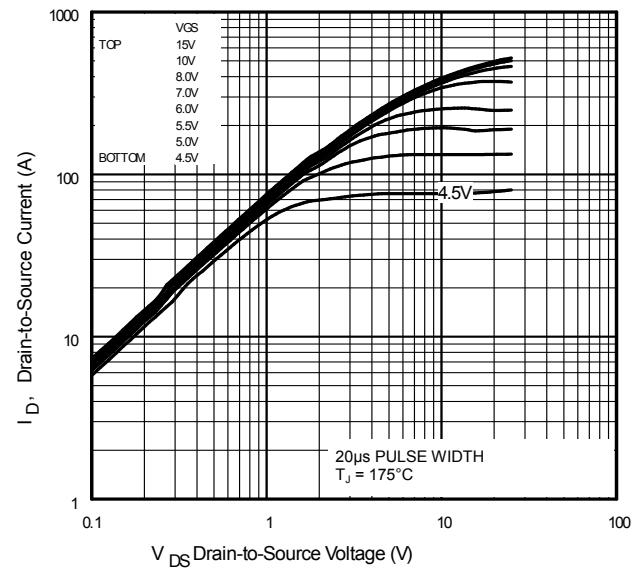


Fig. 2 Typical Output Characteristics

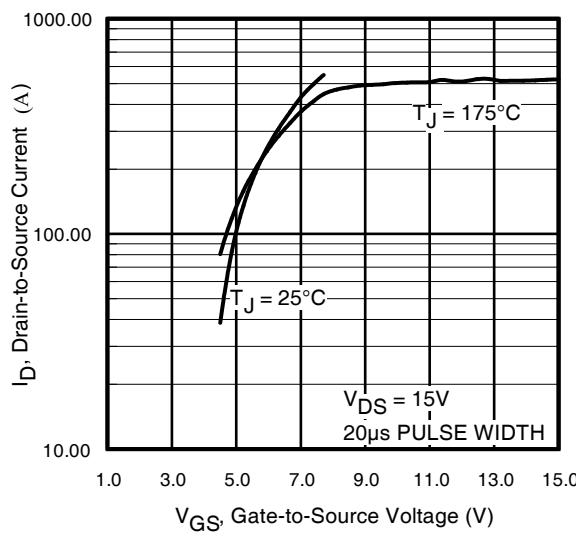


Fig. 3 Typical Transfer Characteristics

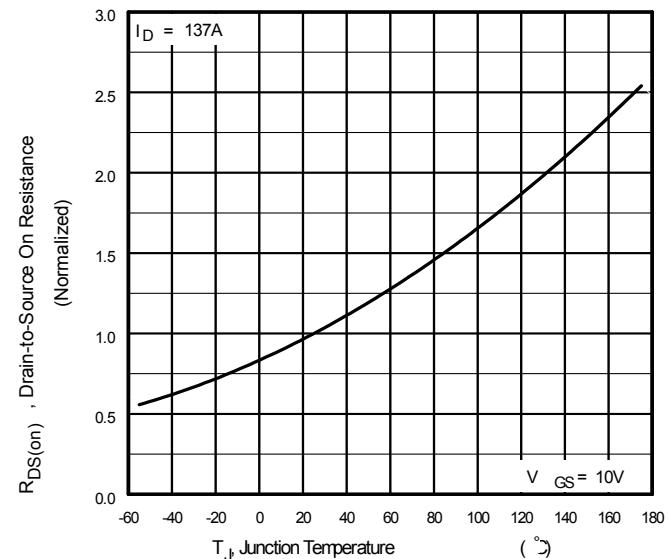


Fig. 4 Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

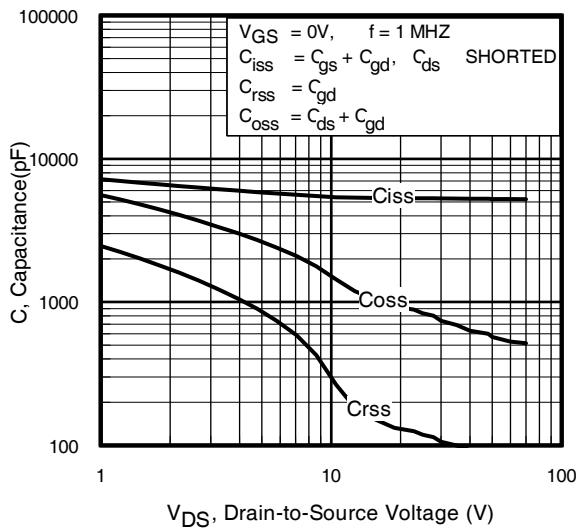


Fig. 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

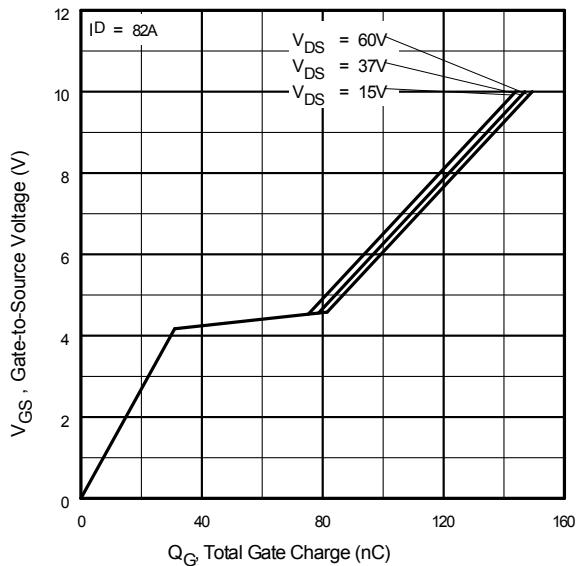


Fig. 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

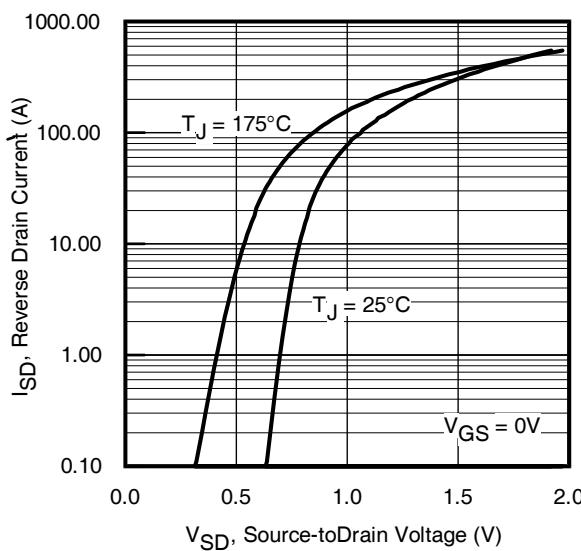


Fig. 7 Typical Source-to-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

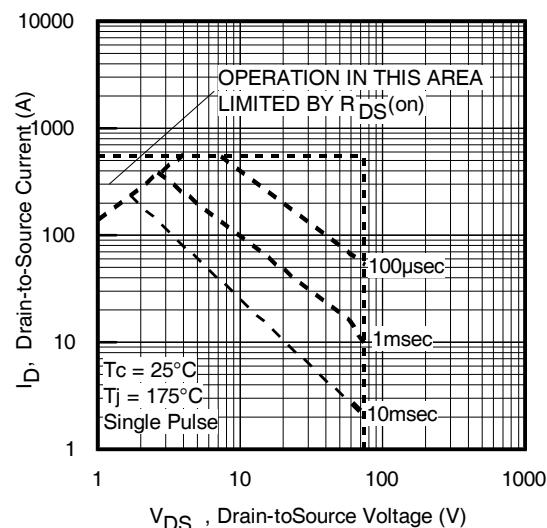


Fig. 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

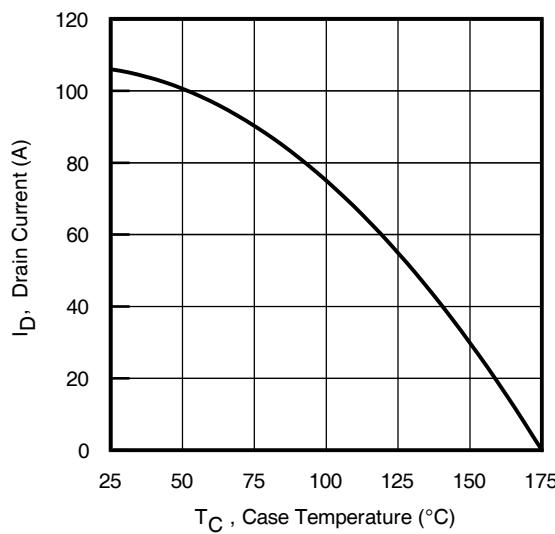


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

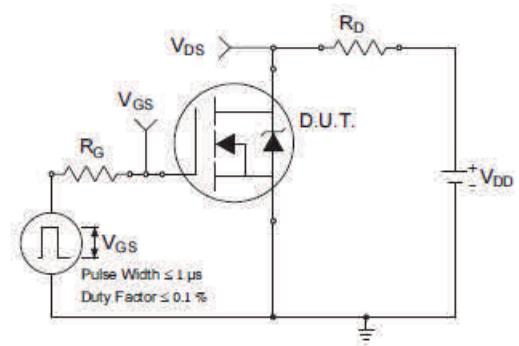


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

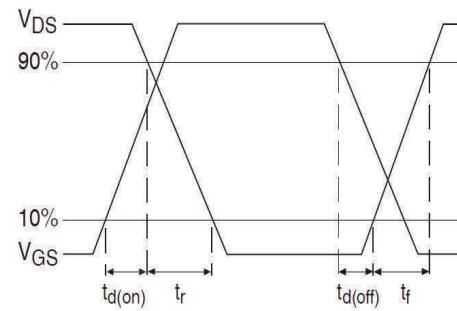


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

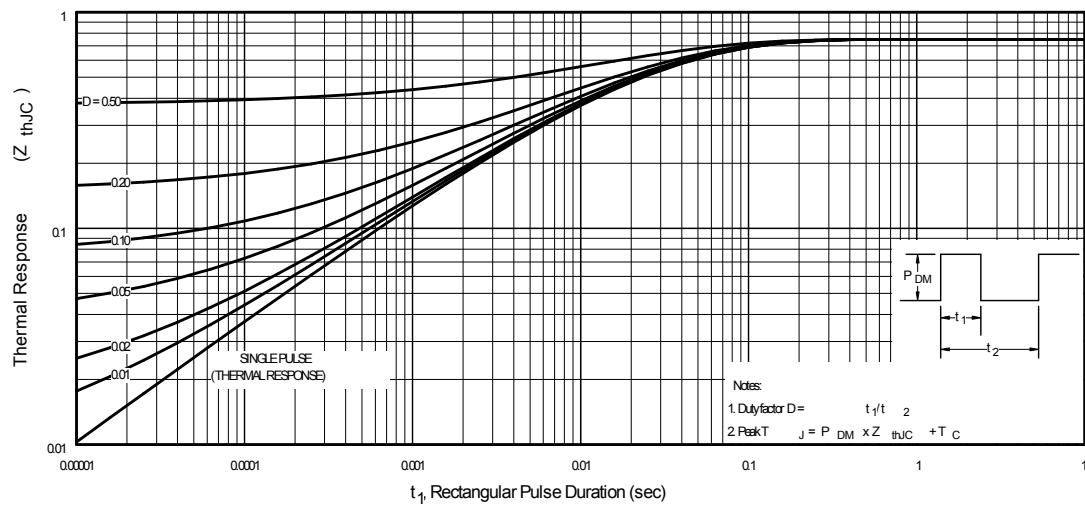


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

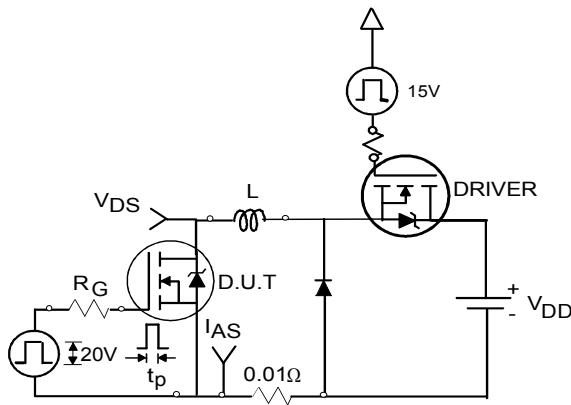


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

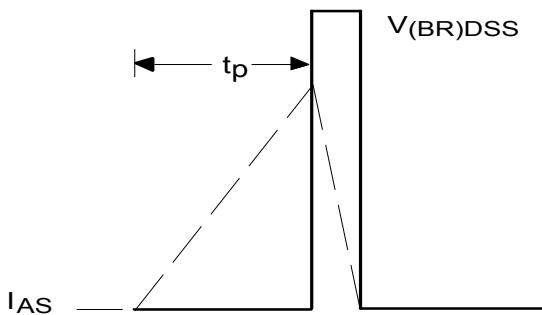


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

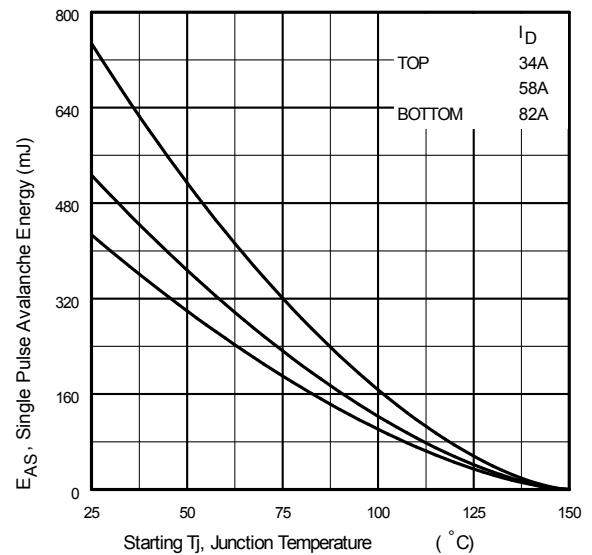


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

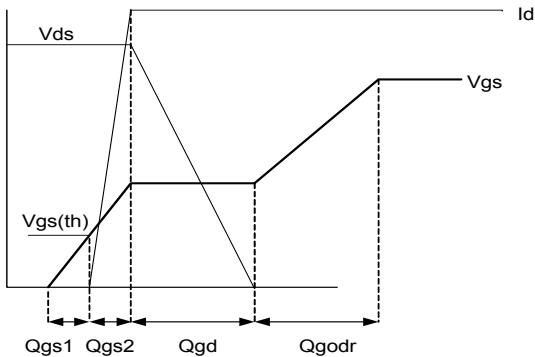


Fig 13a. Gate Charge Waveform

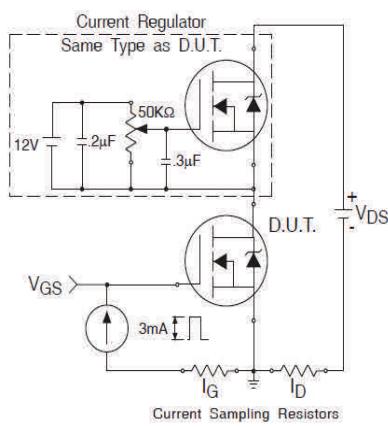


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

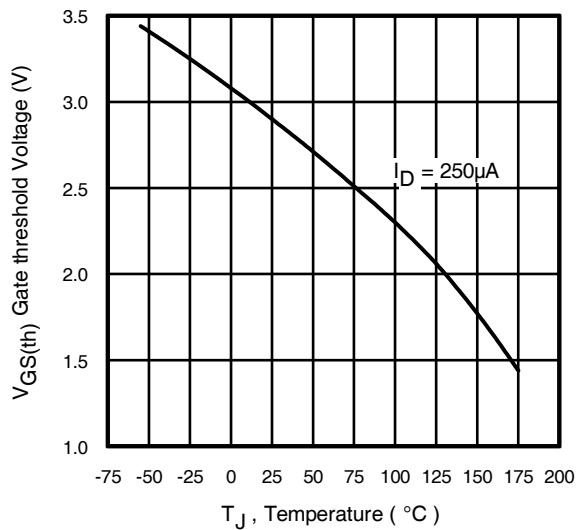


Fig 14. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

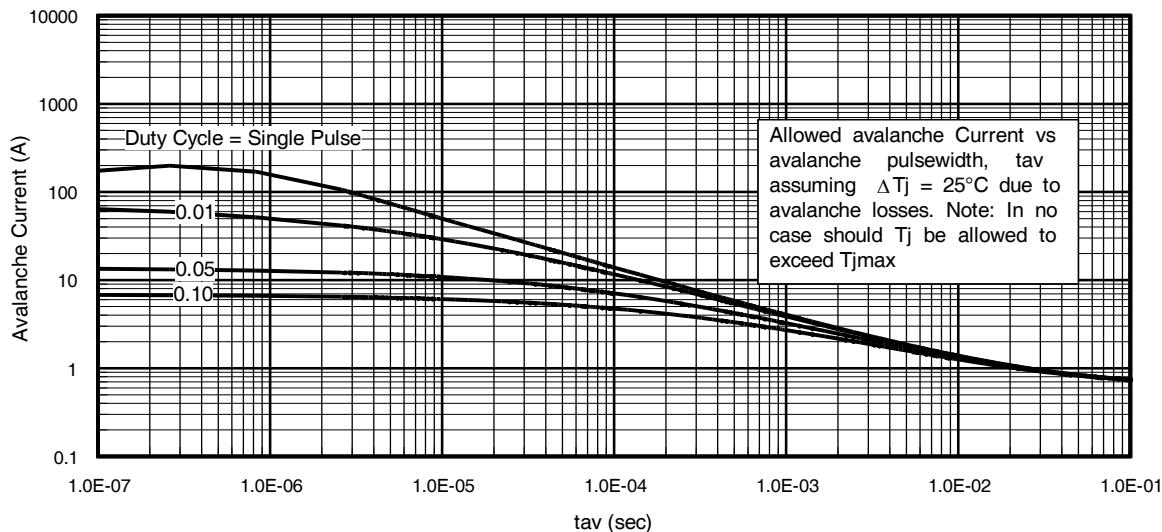
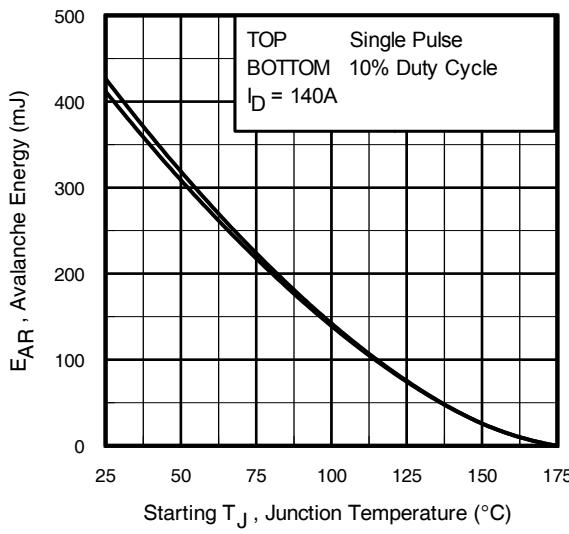


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulse width



**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.infineon.com)**

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
 4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
 6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
 7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
- t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy
vs. Temperature

Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit

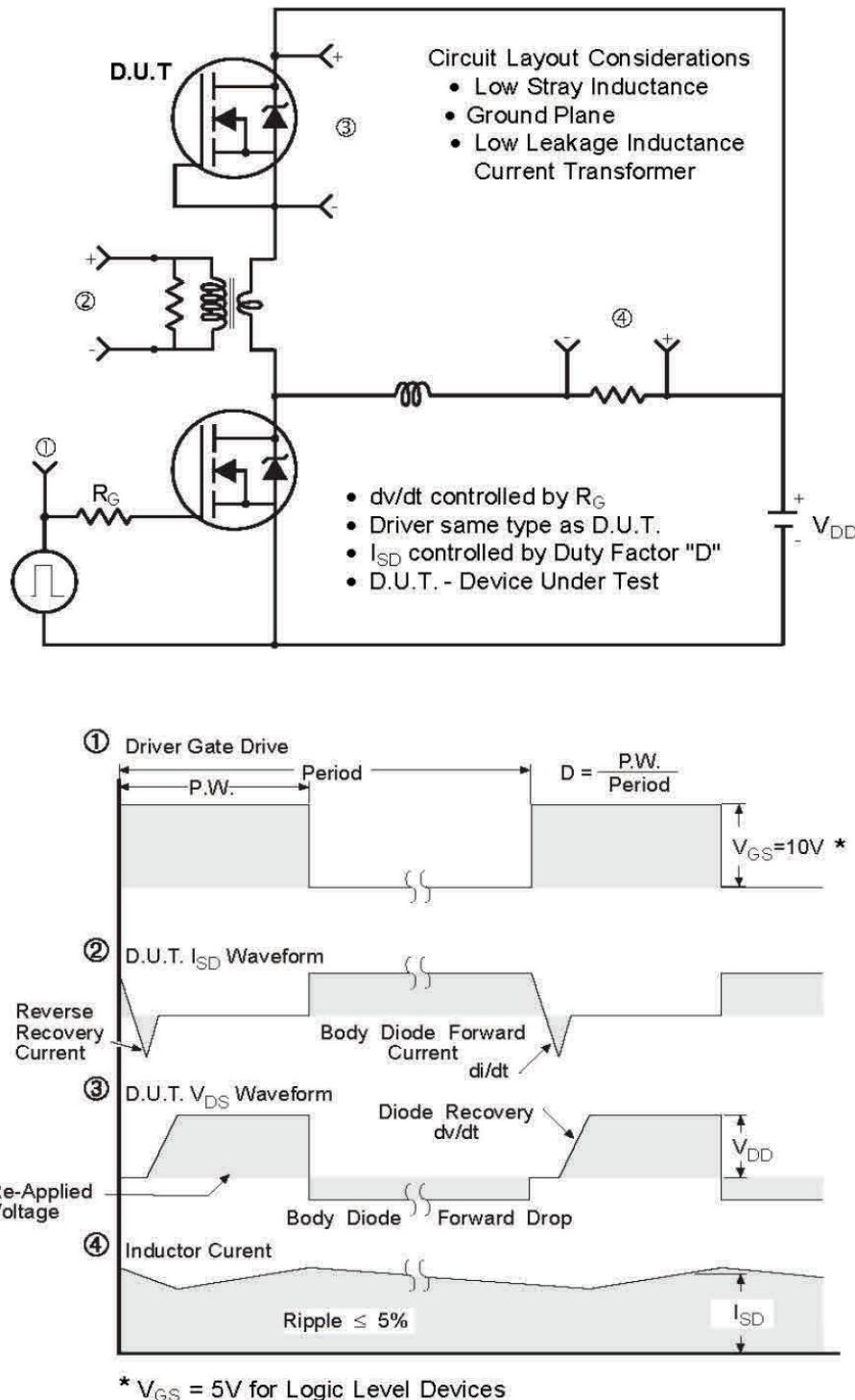
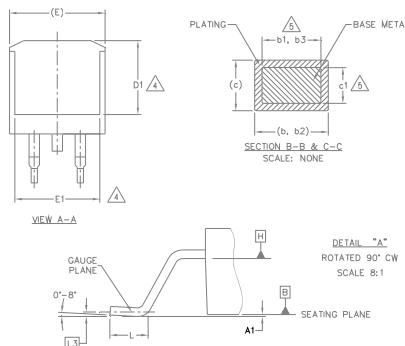
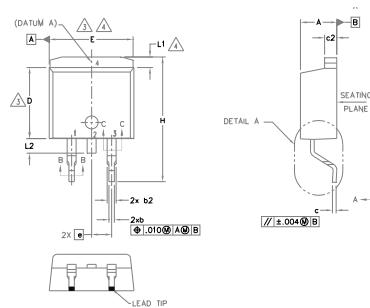


Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

D²Pak (TO-263AB) Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	5	
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010		
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039		
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035		
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070		
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068		
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029		
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023		
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065		
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380		
D1	6.86	—	.270	—		
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420		
E1	6.22	—	.245	—		
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC		
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625		
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110		
L1	—	1.68	—	.066		
L2	—	1.78	—	.070		
L3	0.25	BSC	.010	BSC		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

DIODES

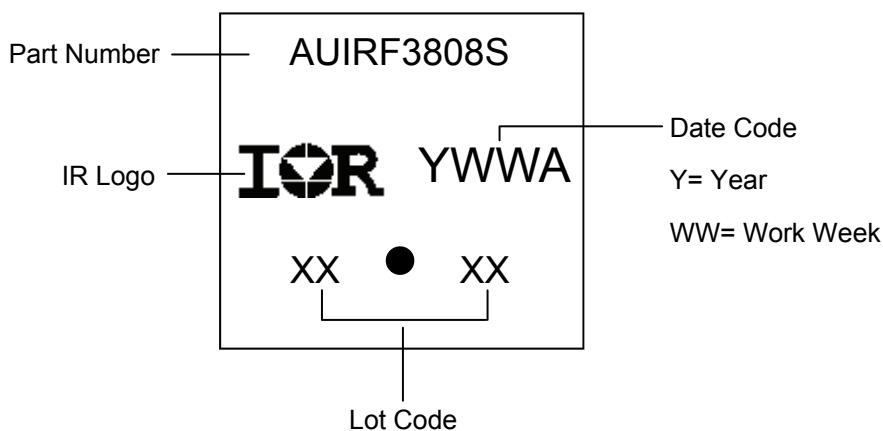
- 1.- ANODE (TWO DIE) / OPEN (ONE DIE)
- 2, 4.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

HEXFET

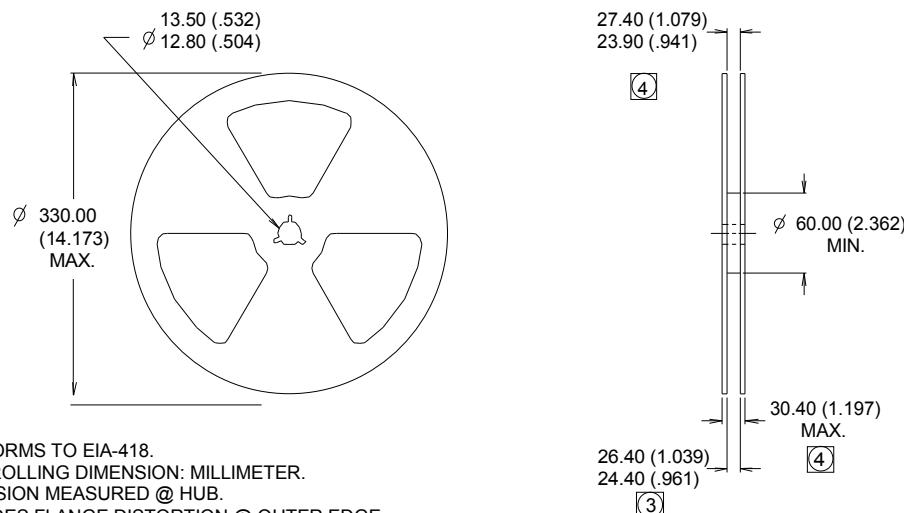
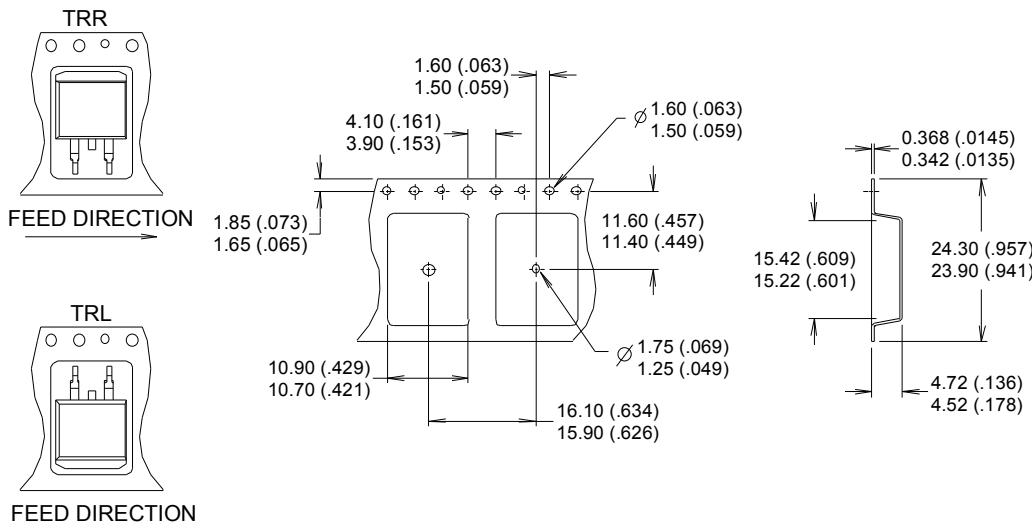
- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGRTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- Emitter

D²Pak (TO-263AB) Part Marking Information

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak (TO-263AB) Tape & Reel Information (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Qualification Information

		Automotive (per AEC-Q101)	
Qualification Level		Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification. Infineon's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.	
Moisture Sensitivity Level		D ² -Pak	MSL1
ESD	Machine Model	Class M4 (+/- 800V) [†] AEC-Q101-002	
	Human Body Model	Class H2 (+/- 4000V) [†] AEC-Q101-001	
	Charged Device Model	Class C5 (+/- 2000V) [†] AEC-Q101-005	
RoHS Compliant		Yes	

[†] Highest passing voltage.

Revision History

Date	Comments
11/13/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated datasheet with corporate template • Corrected ordering table on page 1.

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany

© Infineon Technologies AG 2015

All Rights Reserved.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie"). With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

For further information on the product, technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office (www.infineon.com).

WARNINGS

Due to technical requirements products may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office.

Except as otherwise explicitly approved by Infineon Technologies in a written document signed by authorized representatives of Infineon Technologies, Infineon Technologies' products may not be used in any applications where a failure of the product or any consequences of the use thereof can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury.